Gazette of the United States, & Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 1308.] THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 17, 1796. [VOLUME X.

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For Sale,

At Public Auction, on Saturday, November 19th inst. at at the Merchants Coffee House, 6 o'clock in the evening—

The brig FLY,

Virginia built, of the best materials, was sheathed on the stocks to light water mark, is not two years old, burthen eighteen hundred barrels, or there abouts is well found in every respect, and sails remarkable fast—is ready to receive a cargo immediately. Inventory to be seen at Footman & Co. Auction room, on board at South Street wharf, or at No, 5, South Fourth Street, by applying to the subscriber,

George Blight.

Terms of payment—approved indorsed notes at 2, 4, and 6 months.

Nov. 14. §1w.

For Freight or Charter

To Europe or the W. Indies,

The new Brig FAIR AMERICAN, Richard Calley, Master; burthen 145 tons; has good accommodations, and is now ready to receive a cargo:—apply to the Captain on board, first wharf above the Still-House, Southwark, or to

Isaac Harvey, jun.

Who has now for sale, at his store, No. 5, South Water-street,

A quantity of Cayenne and Trinidad Cotton
Spanish Soal Leather
And a parcel of Carolina Rice, in whole and half tierces. 11th mo. 11th. d2w

For Madeira,

The ship Concord,

Capt. John Thomson. For freight or passage apply on board, or to

Peter Blight;

Who has for sale, a quantity of
Brandy, in pipes
Whiting and Copperas, in hogsheads
Old Hock, in cases
Dutch Cream-Cheese, in boxes
Window Glass
Empty Gin-Cases
Glass Ware, in boxes
Painters' Colours, ground in oil
Sweet Oil, in cases of a dozen bottles each
Hazlenuts, in sacks.

November 11. d1m

Wanted to Charter,

A fast-sailing Vessel,

That will carry 5 or 600 barrels; to load immediately for the West-Indies. Apply to

Peter Blight.

November 10. dx

For sale, freight or charter,

THE BRIG

Lilly,

STEPHEN SMITH, Master.

AN entire new vessel, ninety-three tons burthen, completely found, and may be sent to sea without any expense. For terms, apply on board, at Clifford's wharf, or to JOSEPH ANTHONY & CO.

NOV. 9 6§

For Sale.

The Ship *CHARLOTTE,*

A stout vessel, about 150 tons burthen, well found and may be sent to sea at a small expence. Apply to

Joseph Anthony and Co.

Nov. 8. dx.

FOR SALE,

THE SHIP MARY,

SAMUEL PARKER, MASTER,

Two hundred tons burthen. Apply to JOSEPH ANTHONY, & Co.

If the MARY is not sold in a few days, she will take freight for Hamburg. Apply as above.

October 31. d

Just arrived, and will this day be landed from on board the brig FAVORITE at Chesnut street wharf.

25 Tons best Russia Clean HEMP,

55 Tons old Sable flat IRON,
200 Coils best Russia CORDAGE, assorted sizes,
400 Pieces brown Russia SHEETINGS,
100 Bolts Russia DUCK,
240 Pieces Ravens do.
20 Half-down feather beds, and
A few pieces assorted DIAPER.

FOR SALE BY

Joseph Anthony and Co.

The above mentioned BRIG will sail in a few days, and take freight on moderate terms for Boston or Salem, for which or passage, apply on board or as above

October 31. d

For London,

The ship William Penn,

James Josiah, master. Will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board, or to

Jesse and Robert Waln.

November 10, 1796. d

For Liverpool,

The Ship *DOMINICK TERRY,*

JACOB DEHART, Master.

Has a part of her cargo engaged.—For freight or passage apply to the master on board, at the wharf of the subscribers, or,

Jesse & Robert Waln.

Nov. 7. d.

For Lisbon,

The Danish barque BENEVENTURA, SAMUEL STUB, Master,

A good vessel of about two hundred tons burthen. For freight or passage apply to

Jesse & Robert Waln.

Nov. 7. d.

BARTER.

For Sale, a good strong built ship, burthen 1550 barrels, nearly new, well found and can be put to sea at a small expence. Payment will be received in English or India goods, or if more agreeable to the purchaser, 3, 6, and 9 months credit would be given on approved notes, for further particulars enquire at No. 8, South Water-street, or No. 29 North Third-street.

November 16. d7t

To sail the 17th instant,

For Bristol,

The new ship Philadelphia,

Theodore Bliss, master, now on her second voyage; has elegant accommodations for passengers sails remarkably fast.—For freight or passage apply to the master, or to

Thomas and John Clifford.

Nov. 12. tts

FOR LONDON,

The capital ship CERES,

To sail soon:—For freight or passage apply to DAVY, ROBERTS & Co. or

John Vaughan,

September 10. Front-street.

For Charter,

The Ship *JOHN BULKELY,*

AYRES STOCKLEY, Master.

An excellent live-oak and cedar built ship, of about 3000 barrels burthen.—Apply to

Jesse & Robert Waln.

Nov. d.

For Sligo and Killibegs,

The American Ship NANCY,

Cuthbert Riggs, master.

Will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage apply to

William Bell;

Who has for sale,
4 Trunks Printed Cottons, well assorted
3 Bales Irish Flannels, and 2 boxes Linens
25 Pipes Brandy
Madeira Wine; Indigo. Russia Matts.

Also,

A few barrels Prime IRISH BEEF, PORK, OATMEAL, &c.

November 11, 1796, mwstf

For BRISTOL,

THE SHIP

PHILADELPHIA,

Theodore Bliss, master.

A new ship, on her second voyage, with the best accommodations for passengers, and is intended to sail with all expedition. For freight or passage apply to the Master on board, or to

Thomas & John Clifford:

Who have just imported in said vessel, and have for sale, besides their general assortment of IRONMONGERY,

A quantity of fine drawn and common sharp and flat point NAILS; double & single roll'd Sheet Iron; Iron Pots, Kettles, and Iron Weights, of all sizes; London and Bristol Pewter in casks, assorted; boxes of Tin Plates; cases of Men's, Women's and Boys' Hats; crates of earthen and flint Glass Ware; crates of Phials; boxes of Window-Glass; boxes of long and short Pipes; Copper in Sheets; Oval Quart Bottles in hampers; also, a few casks of bottled Beer, and two bales of Superfine Broadcloths and Cassimeres. October 27. m&th2w

For Sale, or Charter,

The Ship *DIANA,*

SAMUEL PILE, Master,

Burthen 205 47-95 tons register, built in Philadelphia in the year 1792, of live oak and red cedar, and was sheathed 13 months ago, she has just had a compleat out-fit, and may be sent to sea at a very trifling expence.

For terms apply to

Philip Nicklin & Co.

Who have for sale on board said vessel,

27 casks of fine yellow paint.
9 boxes and 12 bundles of writing slates.
1 box ink stands and note presses.
14 bales of sail canvass.

And on hand,

Imperial, Hyson, and, Souchong } TEAS.

40,000 pieces Nankeens of the first quality.
19 tubs Quicksilver.
2 chests Bandanno handkerchiefs.
A few chests Manchester goods well assorted in Corduroys, thicksets, Ginghams, Muslinets, Dimities, &c.
3 boxes black sewing silk.
180 crates Queens ware well assorted.
10 tons sheet lead.
Nails assorted, flat and sharp points.
London Particular, London Market, New-York Market, } Madeira Wine in pipes and hogsheads.
40 pipes and 10 hogsheads Teneriffe wine.
8 tierces Snake Root.
230 logs Mahogany.

Nov. 7. tth&stf.

Sales of India Goods.

The Cargo of the ship Ganges, capt. Tingey, from Calcutta and Bengal,

CONSISTING OF

A Large and general assortment of Bengal and Madras COTTON and SILK GOODS.

AMONG WHICH ARE

A variety fine worked and plain Muslins,

Doreas, &c. Also,

A Quantity of Excellent Sugar,

In boxes and bags—and BLACK PEPPER,

For Sale by

Willings & Francis,

No. 21 Penn Street.

June 8 §

City Dancing Assembly.

The first Assembly will be held on Thursday next, the 17th November, at Oellers's Hotel.

By order of the Managers.

Nov. 14. §

FOR SALE,

A few hogsheads of choice New-England RUM,
A number of barrels of BEEF, and PORK,
And a few kegs of LARD, of a superior quality.

Enquire at No. 71, north Water-street.

November 8, 1796. dtf

For Sale.

7 cases coarse hats
Copper bottoms and sheets
Shot, all sizes, patent and common
Sheet and barr lead
English shoes and boots in cases
Tin plates
Gold watches
Taunton ale in casks.

Apply to

Simon Walker,

124, So. Fourth Street.

Nov. 8. d14t.

OLD

London Particular Madeira Wine,

In pipes, hogsheads and quarter-casks,

Landing this day at Chesnut-street Wharf, and for sale by

Joseph Anthony & Co.

Nov. 1. d

Best Boston & Nova-Scotia Mackarel,

Excellent Halifax Salmon in bbls.
47 bbls. prime Coffee,
Best Boston Beef,
Codfish in hds.
Spermaceti Candles,
Spermaceti, and Northern } OIL.
Mould and dipt, tallow candles, of a superior quality.
A few boxes excellent brown soap,
6 Bales of Corks.
40 Pipes excellent Lisbon Wine.
A few sacks of Feathers.
A few bales India Muslins.

FOR SALE BY

JOSEPH ANTHONY, & Co.

October 31. d

The Cargo of the Polacre Independent,

CAPTAIN CATHCART, from Alicant and Lisbon, landing at the subscribers wharf—

28 Pipes of Brandy
18 Bales of Spanish wool
3 do. of Anniseed
7000 Bushels of best Lisbon Salt
80 Boxes of Lemons

For sale by WILLINGS & FRANCIS.

ALSO,

Seventy Hogsheads of prime JAMAICA SUGARS, received by the ship Dominick Terry, Capt. De Hart, from Kingston.

Sept. 13. d

Irish Linens, &c.

Imported per the ships Glasgow, from Dublin, Liberty, from Cork, and brig Mentor, from Belfast,

4-4 and 7-8 Wide IRISH LINENS,

In whole and half boxes,

Assorted from 11d. to 4s. sterling—Also 5-4 wide Sheetings, and low priced yarn and worsted Hose.

On Hand,

7-8 Wide Lawns.
Diapers and Table-Cloths
A few boxes Tickens and Checks
A few bales Flannels
Cork and Belfast Sail Cloth, Nos. 1 and 6
25 Boxes, 10 Ditto, 5 Ditto } Window Glass, { 6 by 8, 7 by 9, 8 by 10.

The above mentioned Goods are all entitled to the drawback, and will be disposed of by the package on reasonable terms.

James, Clibborn & English,

No. 6, N. Front-street.

10th mo. 19th. dtf

A Manufactory FOR SALE.

A Valuable SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory, situate in a convenient part of the city; the works almost new, on an entirely original construction, and built of the best materials, and may be set to work immediately. Persons who wish to purchase, are requested to apply at No. 273, South Second Street. September 13. t t s tf

Imported in the late arrivals from Europe and the West-Indies,

Holland Gin, in pipes

Choice St. Croix Sugar and Rum
Martinique Molasses, in hogsheads
Choice old Lisbon Wine, in pipes and quarter-casks
London Particular & London Market Madeira Wine, in pipes, half-pipes and quarter-casks
Malmsey Madeira Wine, in pipes and quarter-casks
Teneriffe Wine, in pipes
Russia & Flemish Sheeting and Ravens Duck, in cases
Window Glass, 8 by 10, in boxes
Coffee Mills and Straw Knives, in casks
Mill Saws and Cross-cut Saws, in boxes

Also, on hand,

A few chests of Bohea Tea; Jesuits Bark; Assafœtida and Tapioca; and a few bales of Cossaes, Baftas, Gurrahs, Bandanna and Muslin Handkerchiefs, and a complete assortment of 5-4 and 6-4 Boulting Cloths.

For Sale by

Pragers & Co.

October 20 d2awm&th2m

The Elephant

IS RETURNED FROM BALTIMORE.

THE public are respectfully informed, that this animal is to be seen every day, from 8 o'clock in the morning till sun down, in Market-street, No. 106, south side, between Third and Fourth-streets.

Admittance *a quarter of a dollar*, that every citizen may see him.

☞ At the request of many persons it will be exhibited on evenings from five to eight o'clock, at *half a dollar* each.—The room will be well lighted.

November 7. d

Just Landing,

And for Sale, a quantity of BOURDEAUX BRANDY,

FROM on board the schooner Lydia & Polly, Oliver Jenkins master, lying at Wilcock's wharf. For terms, enquire on board said schooner.

November 15th 6tw

Just Landing,

At South-street wharf, from on board the ship Sedgley, Captain Hodge, from St. Petersburg,

The following Goods:

Russia Sail Duck, first quality.
Do. Sheeting do.
Do. Diaper.
Do. Huckaback.
Do. Crash.
Do. Mould Candles, 4, 5 and 6, to the lb. of the English size.
Do. White Candle Tallow.
Do. White Soap in small boxes.
Do. Cordage of fine yarn.
Ravens Duck.
Isinglass, 1st and 2nd sort.
Horse Hair uncurled.
Russia Bar Iron.
Do. Hoop Iron.
Do. Nail Rods.
10 Tons Oakum and Junk.
St. Petersburg Clean Hemp.

For Sale by

Philips, Cramond, & Co.

October 12. §

FASHIONABLE WAISTCOATING.

GEORGE DOBSON, No. 25,

SOUTH THIRD-STREET,

Has received per the Diana, from London,

Clouded and striped Spanish Swansdown
Clouded Erminats and Moleskins
Striped do. and do.
Figured Manillas
Scarlet figured Erminets
Printed Florinetts
Do. Cassinets and Cassimeres
Superfine printed Quiltings, newest patterns

Also, per different arrivals,

A large and general assortment of Dry Goods,

Suitable to the present and approaching season.

November 5. dtf

LANDING,

Out of different vessels from England, and for sale by the subscribers on reasonable terms,

Superfine and common cloths, and cassimers
Ribbed and striped do. do.
Blankets, mottled green and silk rugs.
Superfine blue, Claret, and common coatings,
Kerseys, Bear-skins, plains and Halfthicks,
Swanskins, Serges and Flannels,
British Ingrain Carpeting,
Hats assorted in cases of 12 doz. each.
Chocolate chintzes, printed Callicoes and Handkerchiefs.
Scarlet Cardinals, and Scarlet Snail,
Yarn, Worsted, and Cotton hosiery,
Beavers, Thicksetts, Velvets, Corduroys, &c. &c.
Buff and drab Genoa Cords of a superior quality.
6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. nails, and frying pans,

An assortment of Ironmongerry, Cutlery and a variety of India cotton, and silk goods.

Thomas & Joshua Fisher.

No. 5, Dock-street.

Also by the Glasgow from Dublin,
1-8 and 4-4 Irish Linens assorted in boxes of 30 pieces,
do. Brown, Glazed Linnen.

Oct. 17. dtf.

PROPOSALS,

By WILLIAM COBBETT, opposite Christ Church, Philadelphia, for publishing by subscription,

ADAMS'S

Defence of the American Constitutions.

CONDITIONS:

I. The work shall be printed on English wove-paper, page for page, from the best London Edition; of course it will be comprized in three large octavo volumes.

II. For the three volumes, bound in boards, the price to subscribers is to be only four dollars, and to non-subscribers, five dollars and a half.

III. The subscription shall remain open for ten days, and if an encouraging number of subscribers are obtained in that time, the publisher engages to have the work ready for delivery in six weeks from the present date.

15th November, 1796.

N. B. Subscriptions are taken by the principal booksellers of Philadelphia and New York

☞ The subscribers to the History of Jacobinism are respectfully informed, that it will be ready for delivery early next week.

Nov. 16. §x.

To Let,

From this day, to the twenty-eighth of April, 1797,

A commodious house in South Second-street, No. 133, near George Hunters, apothecary, well calculated either for a lodging house, a store or a shop.

Nov. 16. 3t

For Sale,

A Three-story BRICK HOUSE and Lot, in Chesnut street, between Front and Second streets, in which Messrs. James Calbraith & Co. have for many years (and now do) carried on business.

Possession will be given in one month, or sooner.

For terms apply to WILLIAM BELL, or HECTOR CALBRAITH.

April 21. §

For Sale,

By Jehu Hollingsworth, & Co.

25 hhds. West-India Rum, 3d and 4th proof,
5 Barrels best Indigo, and,
A few thousand bushels of Turk's Island salt.

Oct. 17. d.

For Sale,

By J. WARDER, PARKER & Co.

An Invoice of Cordage,

Consisting of different sizes, from 12 inch cables down to rope of 2 inches, of different lengths: Imported in the ship Swift, from Hull, and entitled to drawback.

Sept. 27. dtf

Gaspard Cenas

Will open his Dancing School

On the 1st of November, at 10 o'clock in the morning, at Oellers's Hotel. Oct. 17. *mwf4

JOHN MARKLAND,
Printer, Bookseller, and Stationer,
No. 91, South Front Street,
received by the last arrivals from London, an assortment of Stationary, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms, consisting of —

A great variety of copper-plate printing paper, from 33 by 27 inches to the smallest size; superfine, imperial, super-royal, royal, medium, demy, folio, and quarto post, foolscap and post writing paper; marble and blotting paper, large and small message cards, sand and pounce boxes, shining sand, ink and ink-powder, pencils, quills, crown, half crown, and common size Irish wafers, coloured and red; India rubber, pen-knives lead and pewter ink-stands, do. chests, cork soles, copy books, slates and pencils, Entick's dictionary, Watts' psalms, &c.

Also, some elegant prints, an assortment of blank-books, American manufactured writing paper, do. playing cards of a superior quality; and a collection of BOOKS, London and American editions.

Nov. 12. §6t.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
Price 37 1-2 *Cents.*
The Pretensions of Thomas Jefferson to the Presidency,
EXAMINED,
And the Charges against John Adams
REFUTED.
Addressed to the Citizens of America in general, and particularly,
To the Electors of the President.
Sold by
W. YOUNG, MILLS & SON, Corner of Second and Chesnut-streets.

November 5. tts

THE Partnership of JONATHAN HARVEY & Co. being this day Dissolved by mutual consent, those indebted to said firm are requested to make speedy payment to Jonathan Harvey, who is authorized to receive the same, and those who have any demands will please to bring in their accounts to him for settlement

The Business will be Continued
By Jonathan Harvey,
AT HIS STORE NO. 166, N. FRONT-STREET;
Where he has for Sale,
A general assortment of DRY GOODS.
November 14. 1796. §1m

EMANUEL WALKER,
No. 73, South Front Street,
Has for Sale,
30 Hogsheads tobacco of Richmond inspection.
15 do. do. of Petersburg do.
25 do. do. of Fredericksburg do.
50 do. do. of Alexandria.
Nov. 12. mw&f3t.

To be Let,

A large cellar, in Walnut-street just above Fourth-Street, that is floored with two inch plank, and will hold upwards of 100 pipes of wine.

Also, a Stable and Coach-house, that will hold four horses and two carriages; and several stores in Fourth Street.—
Apply to
George Meade.

Who has for sale,
25 boxes of Castile soap
Red Lisbon Wine
A few pipes of bill of exchange wine
A few barrels of Irish mess beef
And a few barrels of ship bread,
Nov. 4. d15t.

FOR SALE,
A very Valuable Estate,

CALLED *TWITTENHAM*, situate in the township of Upper Derby, and county of Delaware, 7 1-2 miles from Philadelphia, and half a mile from the new Western road: containing 230 acres of excellent land, 45 of which are good watered meadow, 90 of prime woodland, and the rest arable of the first quality. There are on the premises a good two story brick house, with 4 rooms on a floor, and cellars under the whole, with a pump-well of excellent water in front; a large frame barn, stables, and other convenient buildings; a smoke-house and stone, spring-house; two good apple orchards, and one of peaches. The fields are all in clover, except those immediately under tillage, and are so laid out as to have the advantage of water in each of them, which renders it peculiarly convenient for grazing.

The situation is pleasant and healthy, and from the high cultivation of the land, the good neighbourhood, and the vicinity to the city, it is very suitable for a gentleman's country seat.

The foregoing is part of the estate of Jacob Harman, deceased, and offered for sale by
Mordecai Lewis,
Oct. 31. taw Surviving Executor

FOR SALE.
A PLANTATION,

ABOUT 12 miles from this City, situate in Abington Township, Montgomery-County; containing 70 acres, a new stone house, two stories high, 2 rooms on a floor, fire places in each, a stone kitchen and stone spring house, over an excellent spring of water, a barn, stable, sheds, barracks, &c. A large apple orchard, and a variety of other fruit, about 12 acres of good meadow well watered, and wood sufficient for fire, and fencing the place. Possession may be had the 1st of April next. Property in this city will be taken in exchange, or MORRIS and NICHOLSONS Notes in payment. Enquire at No. 37, Arch-Street.
Philadelphia, September 13, 1796. tf

TAKE NOTICE.

THE Creditors of Grubb and Paine, late of Lancaster, or Dauphin Counties, Merchants; are hereby informed that the subscribers are appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, as Commissioners, to audit, settle, and finally adjust the accounts of Mordecai Lewis, trustee, appointed by Peter Grubb, for the benefit of the creditors of the said Peter Grubb and William Paine, as well as the debts and demands of the creditors of the said Grubb and Paine. Therefore, this is to give notice, that we have agreed to meet at the City-Tavern, at Philadelphia, on Saturday the 19th inst. at six o'clock in the evening, when and where, all those that have any demands, are hereby requested to present and establish their claims against the said Grubb and Paine, otherwise they will be excluded from their dividend.

JOHN VAUGHAN,
DAVID H. CONYNGHAM.
FRANICS WEST.
Philadelphia, 8th November, 1796. *eod 3t

Mr. FRANCIS,
(Of the New Theatre)

TAKES this opportunity of returning thanks to his scholars and to the public. Mr. Francis intends, on his return from Maryland, to open a public academy for dancing, upon a plan entirely new. He flatters himself that his attention to his pupils hitherto renders any promises of conducting his future schemes on the most liberal and strictest terms, of propriety, totally unnecessary.

N. B. Private tuition as usual.
June 3 taw

FOR THE GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Mr. FENNO,

In a publication in your gazette, a writer denies that Mr. Jefferson countenanced the emancipation of the slaves *now existing* in the United States, alleging that his scheme only extended to the children which were to be born after the passing of the act; but as the act was proposed in the year 1780 or thereabouts, it is certain that had it passed, all the *young* negroes in Virginia would be *now* free. To shew however that Mr. Jefferson's ideas have always been favorable to emancipation *generally*, I request you to publish the following *fraternizing* correspondence between Benjamin Banneker, a *negro* almanac maker, and Thomas Jefferson, *secretary of state* of the United States of America.—They were published in the American Daily Advertiser of this city in 1791.

From the Virginia Gazette.

Mr. DIXON,

You are requested to insert the following letter from Benjamin Banneker, a black man, to the secretary of state, with his answer thereto, and you will oblige a number of your readers.

Maryland, Baltimore county, near Ellicott's Lower Mills, Aug. 19, 1791.

To THOMAS JEFFERSON, Esq.

SIR,

I am fully convinced of the greatness of that freedom which I take with you on the present occasion; a liberty which seemed to me scarcely allowable, when I reflected on that distinguished and dignified station in which you stand; and the almost general prejudice and prepossession which is so prevalent in the world against those of my complexion.

I suppose it a truth too well attested to you, to need a proof here, that we are a race of beings who have long labored under the abuse and censure of the world, that we have long been looked upon with an eye of contempt, considered rather as brutish than human, and scarcely capable of mental endowments.

I hope I may safely admit, in consequence of that report which has reached me, that you are a man far less inflexible in sentiments of this nature than many others, that you are measurably friendly and well disposed towards us, and that you are willing and ready to lend your aid and assistance to our relief from those many distresses and numerous calamities to which we are reduced.

Now, sir, if this be founded in truth, I apprehend you will readily embrace every opportunity, to eradicate that train of absurd and false ideas and opinions which so generally prevail in respect to us, and that your sentiments are concurrent with mine, which are, that one universal Father hath given being to us all, and that he hath not only made us of one flesh, but that he hath also, without partiality, afforded us all the same sensations, and that however variable we may be in society or religion; however diversified in situation or colour, we are all of the same family, and stand in the same relation to him.

If these are sentiments of which you are fully persuaded, I hope you cannot but acknowledge, that it is the indispensible duty of those who maintain for themselves the rights of human nature, and who profess the obligations of christianity, to extend their power and influence to the relief of every part of the human race, from whatever burthen or oppression they may unjustly labor under, and this I apprehend a full conviction of the truth and obligation of these principles should lead us all to.

Sir, I have long been convinced, that if your love for yourselves, and for those inestimable laws which preserve to you the rights of human nature, was founded on sincerity, you could not but be solicitous, that every individual of whatever rank or distinction, might with you equally enjoy the blessings thereof; neither could you rest satisfied, short of the most active diffusion of your exertions, in order to their promotion from any state of degradation, to which the unjustifiable cruelty and barbarism of men may have reduced them.

I freely and chearfully acknowledge, that I am of the African race, and in that colour which is natural to them of the deepest dye, and it is under a sense of the most profound gratitude to the supreme ruler of the universe, that I now confess to you, that I am not under that state of tyrannical thraldom, and inhuman captivity, to which too many of my brethren are doomed, but that I have abundantly tasted of the fruition of those blessings, which proceed from that free and unequalled liberty with which you are favored, and which I hope you will willingly allow you have received from the immediate hand of that being, from whom proceedeth every good and perfect gift.

Suffer me to recall to your mind that time, in which the arms and tyranny of the British crown were exerted with every powerful effort in order to reduce you to a state of servitude; look back I entreat you on the variety of dangers to which you were exposed; reflect on the time in which every human aid appeared unavailable, and in which even hope and fortitude wore the aspect of inability to the conflict, and you cannot but be led to a serious and grateful sense of your miraculous and providential preservation; you cannot but acknowledge that the present freedom and tranquillity which you enjoy, you have mercifully received, and that it is the peculiar blessing of heaven.

This sir was a time in which you clearly saw into the injustice of a state of slavery, and in which you had just apprehensions of the horror of its condition,—it was now that your abhorrence thereof was so excited, that you publicly held forth this true and invaluable doctrine, which is worthy to be recorded and remembered in all succeeding ages. "We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their creator with certain unalienable rights, and that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness."

Here was a time in which your tender feelings for yourselves had engaged you thus to declare; you were then impressed with proper ideas of the great valuation of liberty, and the free possession of those blessings to which you were entitled by nature; but, sir, how pitiable is it to reflect, that although you were so fully convinced of the benevolence of the father of mankind, and of his equal and impartial distribution of these rights and privileges which he had conferred upon them, that you should at the same time counteract his mercies, in detaining by fraud and violence so numerous a part of my brethren under groaning captivity and cruel oppression, that you should at the same time be found guilty of that most criminal act, which you professedly detested in others, with respect to yourselves.

I suppose that your knowledge of the situation of my brethren is too extensive to need a recital here; neither shall I presume to prescribe methods by which they may be relieved, otherwise than by recommending to you and all others, to wean yourselves from those narrow prejudices which you have imbibed with respect to them, and as Job proposed to his friends, "put your soul in their souls stead"—thus shall your hearts be enlarged with kindness and benevolence towards them, and thus shall you need neither the direction of myself or others in what manner to proceed herein.

And now, sir, although my sympathy and affection for my brethren hath caused my enlargement thus far, I ardently hope that your candour and generosity will plead with you in my behalf, when I make known to you, that it was not originally my design; but that having taken up my pen in order to direct to you as a present, a copy of an almanack which I have calculated for the succeeding year, I was unexpectedly and unavoidably led thereto.

This calculation is the production of my arduous study in this my advanced stage of life, (59) for having long had unbounded desires to become acquainted with the secrets of nature, I have had to gratify my curiosity herein through my own assiduous application to astronomical study, in which I need not recount to you the many difficulties and disadvantages which I have had to encounter.

And although I had almost declined to make my calculation for the ensuing year, in consequence of that time which I had allotted therefor being taken up at the federal territory, by the request of Mr. Andrew Ellicott, yet finding myself under several engagements to Printers of this state to whom I had communicated my design, on my return to my place of residence, I industriously applied myself thereto, which I hope I have accomplished with correctness and accuracy; a copy of which I have taken the liberty to direct to you, and which I humbly request you will favorably receive, and although you may have the opportunity of perusing it after its publication, yet I chose to send it to you in manuscript previous thereto, that thereby you might not only have an earlier inspection, but that you might also view it in my own hand writing.

And now sir, I shall conclude, and subscribe myself with the most profound respect, your most obedient humble servant.

BENJAMIN BANNEKER.

N. B. Any communication to me may be had by a direction to Mr. Elias Ellicot, merchant in Baltimore town.

B. B.

To Mr. BENJAMIN BANNEKER.
Philadelphia, August 30, 1791.

SIR,

I THANK you sincerely for your letter of the 19th instant, and for the almanack it contained. Nobody wishes more than I do, to see such proofs as you exhibit, that nature has given to our *black brethren*, talents equal to those of the other colours of men, and that the appearance of a want of them is owing *merely* to the *degraded* condition of their existence both in Africa and America. I can add with truth that no body wishes *more ardently* to see a good system commenced for raising the condition both of their body and mind to what it ought to be, as fast as the imbecillity of their present existence, and other circumstances which cannot be neglected, will admit.

I have taken the liberty of sending your almanack to Monsieur de Condorcet, secretary of the academy of sciences at Paris, and member of the *philanthropic* society, because I considered it as a document to which your whole colour had a right for their justification against the sentiments which have been entertained of them.

I am with great esteem, sir,
Your most obedient
Humble servant,
THOMAS JEFFERSON.

From the Daily Advertiser.

To the PEOPLE of the *UNITED STATES.*

IT cannot have escaped your observation, that Providence seems, in a remarkable manner, to have promoted your prosperity, by the very means which unprincipled men have, at various times, intended to effect your ruin.

The unbounded usurpations of the British government, compelled us to the contest, which terminated in independence. Their infatuation became our salvation; and, for a series of years, the blessings of good government, with foreign and domestic peace, have raised us to a pitch of national importance and prosperity, for the time, perhaps, never equalled in the annals of mankind.

The first appearance of the French revolution, must have excited the most lively feelings in the breasts of those solitary individuals throughout the world, who, though oppressed by the hard hand of tyranny, had formed a just estimate of the rights of man.

But, in this western hemisphere, a whole nation of freemen, exulted as if animated by one common spirit, at the prospect that twenty-six millions of people, who had no other idea of liberty than that of idolising the grand monarch, were about to shake off the shackles of slavery, and become a free and independent people. That we should have a sister republic, which, contrary to the insidious and interested policy of other governments, would rejoice in our prosperity, and maintain a friendly and fraternising intercourse, untainted by wild ambition, and motives of self-interest alone.

These pleasant imaginations, however, were dispelled, by the arrival of a minister, charged with powers and instructions to involve the United States in an European war. The happiness of a whole community—a total derangement of all fiscal concerns—and an accumulation of immense debts and and taxations upon, probably, our childrens children, were to be the sacrifice on the part of the United States, *without one single object of advantage.* Very different, indeed, were the inducements which prompted the ci-devant government of France to take part with us in our contest with Great-Britain—being nothing less than the severation of all the colonies of the dominion of their ancient rival. The grand monarch and his ministers would never have lent us one livre, nor have spilt one drop of blood on that occasion, merely from their love of liberty—And the then miserable *people* of France, had no idea of the true principles of civil and political liberty; much less did they, as a nation, offer or risk their their lives for our independence.—Hence it is, that I have ever been at a loss to conceive how we are bound in gratitude to the PEOPLE of France. If there is any gratitude in the case, it must be certainly due to the manes of that monarch, and a few individuals, upon whose destruction the nation have since erected the guillotine of liberty.

I cannot conclude this digression without observing, that in the adjustment of a treaty of peace between Great-Britain and America, the French ministry had by the subtility of intrigue, at which they are proverbially dexterous, so managed certain members of congress, as to get instructions from our government to their commissioners, to do nothing, but in concert with Mr. Vergennes.—These dupes to French politics, have been the pests of this country to the present hour.

Mr. Vergennes used all his cunning and influence to induce our commissioners to enter into negociations without the acknowledgement of our independence—to rob us of the fisheries—and to limit our bounderies westward by the Ohio.

By what means, fellow-citizens, were we rescued from the base designs of these perfidious *French*men—these boasted friends and allies—these apostles of liberty, to whom we are bound by eternal ties of gratitude? By the penetration and firmness of that man, principally, who negociated the British treaty, and saved us from being again involved in all the calamities of war.

By Mr. Jay, and Mr. Adams, who, superior to the artifices, corruption, and intrigues both of the French and British ministry, at the hazard of an impeachment for a breach of orders, nobly and firmly opposed the ignominious and treacherous devices of our good French allies, until they were compelled to grant us, as a preliminary, that independence we now possess. But for them, we should, at this day, probably, have enjoyed Batavian liberty—the liberty of obeying the commands of a Marat, a Robespierre, a Jacobin club, or that five-headed monster, the DIRECTORY. These commissioners were the *second* saviours of their country—and, like the *first*, have received a poor and ominous specimen of republican gratitude.

But to return—Providence, for this time, palsied the designs of our allies, by the intemperance and indiscretion of their minister, who, being deceived by Mr. Jefferson, and the party who threw themselves into his bosom, left him exposed—and excited that spirit of national pride and indignation which should forever fire the soul of every honest and independent America, at any impudent attempt of any European nation or minister to influence our government, or practise deceptious arts upon free and enlightened republicans.

It would have been supposed, that the checks and mortifications given to Mr. Genet, would have afforded some direction for the conduct of his successors; that our internal enemies, being repeatedly defeated in all their machinations with the French to disorganise the government, or break the union, or involve us in war; after a full discovery, upon repeated proofs, that the great mass of Americans were determined, and were able, to support the laws and administration of their country, against both foreign and domestic violence and intrigue; would have been covered with shame and remorse, and have desisted from their wicked pursuits.

It would have been supposed, that the government of France, however safely they might presume to insult and controul the deliberations of people within the immediate vortex of their power, would have sense and discretion enough not to make similar attempts upon a government, separated by an ocean of three thousand miles; and upon a nation, such as, since the flood, never existed upon the face of the earth—a nation, I mean, of independent freeholders—the nation, which first shewed them the road to freedom—a nation, which respects the original principles of their revolution, and which, at this moment, wishes them, most cordially, a return of peace, with all the blessings attendant upon a free, equal and independent republican form of government.

But all these considerations notwithstanding, the government of France seems infatuated, or determined to convince the world, that names are empty things; that republicans who have power, will exercise it, with as much abuse as despotic princes; that they are as much influenced by pride, ambition, injustice and self interest, as the people of any other governments; and that where the last prevails, they make no discrimination between friends or foes, allies or neutrals, republicans or anti-republicans.

Of these things, we have a specimen in the late conduct of the Directory, respecting the American commerce, and the consequent extraordinary behaviour of their minister, Mr. Adet; both of which will be the subject of another address, from

WM. WILLCOCKS.

Nov. 10, 1796.

For the GAZETTE of the UNITED STATES.

To the Electors of the President of the United States.

Altho the merits of the candidates for the Presidency have been very amply discussed, the papers have been nearly silent on the subject of Vice-President. This officer is by the constitution directed to perform the duties of President of the Senate, a very important station, and, is, moreover, to fill the Executive chair, in the event of the death or resignation of the President, which may be for a term of nearly four years.

The Electors will no doubt turn their attention to a citizen of the *firſt-rate merit* for a ſtation, which on ſeveral contingencies, may become that of *chief magiſtrate* of the United States for ſo long a period.

The two perſons who have been principally named in converſations are Thomas Pinckney of South Carolina, and Aaron Burr of New-York. The former is ſupported by the friends of Mr. Adams, the latter by thoſe of Mr. Jefferſon.

In order to direct your choice as far as my information goes, I will make you acquainted with the reſpective merits of thoſe candidates.

Mr. Burr, at preſent a member of the Senate of the United States from New-York, has been always conſidered as oppoſed to the conſtitution, and has always oppoſed in the Senate the meaſures of adminiſtration under Preſident Waſhington: his time in the Senate being nearly elapſed, and having little proſpect of a re-election from that federal ſtate, Mr. Burr was put up as a ſtate ſenator at the laſt ſtate election in June, and run on the *anti-federal* ticket, which being defeated by a majority of two to one by the *federal* party, he could not even get into the ſtate legiſlature.

By a law of the United States the Vice Preſident is to act as a commiſſioner for managing the monies of the ſinking fund, which duty neceſſarily involves ſome communication with the *Bank of the United States* in which the public monies are depoſited, and to which reſort is ſometimes neceſſary for anticipations, when the public revenue cannot meet the public demands.

But the ill-tempered proceeding of the Directors in a *late unfriendly* meaſure towards that gentleman will probably excite on his part an *hoſtility* towards that inſtitution, which might eventually be in a *Vice Preſident* very detrimental to the public intereſts.

Mr. Pinckney, the aſſociate of Mr. Adams, on the federal ticket, is a virtuous, enlightened, and patriotic citizen, *independent* in *his fortune* as well as in his *principles*. His approbation of the meaſures of Waſhington's adminiſtration, his attachment to the federal conſtitution, and his love for the independence of his country are all well known. His diplomatic talents and his perſevering zeal for our national proſperity have been fully evinced in his conduct in England and his treaty with Spain. In his diſpoſition, he is mild, but firm, conciliatory, without ſacrificing eſſential principles, prudent without timidity.

Such are the candidates fellow citizens; can you heſitate in your choice?

A REAL FEDERALIST.

For the Gazette of the United States.

No. V.

To the Electors of the Preſident of the United States.

Reſpectable Fellow Citizens,

THE ſequel of the 34th letter of Mr. Adams, remains to be conſidered. We have ſeen, that in commenting upon certain *republican* ſentiments of *Marchamont Nedham*, Mr. Adams did not ſeize the occaſion to panegyrize repreſentative or elective government. He ſays it *may* anſwer very well, but that it is *a hazardous experiment*, that ſuch experiments have been made before, and are known always to have *ended in one way*, for that mankind have *univerſally* preferred "*chance*" or hereditary rulers to ſuch, as they have procured by their paſt elective experiments. Thus in truth does he throw clouds over our proſpects under elective governments, when diſcourſing upon the opinions of republican theoriſts. Thus does he abandon *the defence* of the *cardinal* principle of our conſtitutions, and thus, under the cover of a defence of *three diviſions of power*, does he run into the paths, that lead to the *oppoſite* principle of *hereditary* power. This is no tortured miſrepreſentation of the paſſages referred to. We deſpiſe ſuch treatment of reſpectable men, or of important ſubjects. But how differently does Mr. Adams conduct his diſcourſes, when he is obſerving upon writers, who are not, in our ſenſe, *republican* authors. He ſtates the ideas of Polybius and Plato, who both contemplated hereditary power as parts of their ſyſtems. He gives the preciſe conceptions of Polybius in the following words. "It is cuſtomary to eſtabliſh three "ſorts of governments; *kingly* government, *ariſtocracy*, and *democracy*: upon which one may very "properly aſk them, whether they lay theſe down "as the only forms of government, or as the beſt; "for in both caſes they ſeem to be in an error, ſince "it is manifeſt, that *the beſt form of government is "that which is compounded of all three.* This is "founded not only *in reaſon* but in experience; "Lycurgus having ſet the example of this form of "government in the inſtitution of the Lacedœ"monian commonwealth." This Lacedœmonian commonwealth was the very ſame mixed monarchy noticed in the cloſe of our firſt paper. After having thus briefly and preciſely ſtated the political creed of Polybius, and after giving that of the diffuſive Plato in a more diffuſive manner, Mr. Adams ſays, in his 34th letter, "let us proceed then to "make a few obſervations upon the diſcourſes of "Plato and Polybius." "Plato," ſays Mr. Adams, (p. 209, Philadelphia & London edition) "has "ſufficiently aſſerted the honour of the laws, and "the neceſſity of proper guardians of them; but "has no where delineated the various *orders* of "guardians, and the neceſſity of a balance between "them: he has, nevertheleſs, given us premiſes, "from whence *the abſolute neceſſity of ſuch orders* "and equipoiſes may be inferred; he has ſhewn "how naturally every ſimple ſpecies of government "degenerates. The ariſtocracy, or ambitious re"public becomes immediately an oligarchy—what "ſhall be done to prevent it? Place two guardi"ans of the laws to watch the ariſtocracy; one, "in the ſhape of *a king*, [not a chief magiſtrate "like our Preſident] on one ſide of it; another, "in the ſhape of a democratical aſſembly, on the "other ſide. The ariſtocracy, become an oligar"chy, changes into a democracy—how ſhall it be "prevented? By giving *the natural ariſtocracy* in "ſociety its rational and juſt weight, and by giv"ing it a *regal* power to appeal to, againſt *the mad"neſs of the people.* Democracy becomes a tyran"ny—how ſhall this be prevented? By giving it "an able independent *ally* in an *ariſtocratical* aſ"ſembly, with whom it may unite againſt the un"juſt and illegal deſigns of any one man."

Here we ſee, that Mr. Adams having got a royal theme to diſcourſe upon, does not run into doubts about hereditary governments, as he had before done in regard to elective governments. The royal governments muſt then appear to him free from all cauſe of doubt. He does not throw out the ſmalleſt caution againſt them. But he takes pains to ſhew that the *regal* and *ariſtocratical* powers are proper and neceſſary checks upon the madneſs of the people. Let us aſk ourſelves however where and when ſuch a government has been exhibited. Where and when were *a king* and *nobles* each having a negative combined, with a *real* repreſentation of the people? No where but in books. How then can it be thus decidedly affirmed from unexecuted theories, that the three would work ſo well together as our excellent government has done. For a new government, organized in a ſtorm, in a country half wilderneſs, placed over a various people, in a time of unexampled and extreme difficulties, amidſt a belligerent and infuriated world, having to ſtruggle with the arrearages of many years, embarraſſed by diſputes with two neighbouring powers, and by Indian wars, to carry us through with ſafety and proſperity is more than any mixed monarchy ever accompliſhed. Let it be here remembered, that it is *the firſt genuine repreſentative government* the world had ſeen in 1789. Human affairs do not appear to admit of more ſucceſs and advantages under any form of government. This ought to operate as the moſt encouraging inducement to perſevere on our preſent ground. We ought not to diſcourage or alarm the people by committing *the moſt dangerous* and *tempting* ſituation to any, who *doubt* or *diſbelieve* the practicability of our ſyſtem, and who may incline to realize *the favorite theory of their matureſt years* in *themſelves* and *their deſcendants*.

A FEDERALIST.

PHILADELPHIA,

THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 17, 1796.

Yeſterday were reſpectfully interred the remains of Major ROWLAND PARRY, whoſe deceaſe was mentioned in this Gazette on Monday.

In the death of this worthy citizen his numerous friends, and the community at large, ſuſtain a loſs—Mr. Parry was a friend to the civil and religious rights of man; a public ſpirited citizen; and, as a ſon, huſband, brother, and friend, has left indelible impreſſions of his worth in the memory of an extenſive circle of connexions and acquaintance.

"Of blaſted hopes, and of ſhort, withering joys,
"Full oft the plaintive muſe her pen employs.
"Calm ſleeps the fleſh—far diſtant, unconfin'd,
"In joys unbounded wakes th' immortal mind."

ELECTION RETURNS.

Mifflin-County Return.

Anti-Federal,	419
Federal,	60
Majority for the Anti-Federal Ticket,	359

Statement of Majorities.

	Anti-Federal	Federal
Philad. city and county, majority 2076.		
Delaware		184
Cheſter		413
Bucks		643
Montgomery		200
Lancaſter		1442
York		3083
Berks	140	
Northampton	90	
Northumberland	770	
Cumberland	619	
Dauphin		230
Luzerne		399
Huntingdon		291
	3695	6885
		3695
Majority for Federal Ticket,		3190
Bedford, Somerſet, Allegheny, Fayette, Greene, Weſtmoreland, Waſhington, Mifflin, Franklin	359	

TRANSLATION.

Citizen P. A. Adet informs his fellow citizens, that by order of the Executive Directory, he has to day notified the Secretary of State, the ſuſpenſion of the functions of the Miniſter Plenipotentiary of the French Republic, near the United States of America, and that in conſequence of the ſaid ſuſpenſion, they muſt from this day addreſs their demands or claims to the Conſul General or the particular Conſuls of the Republic.

At Philadelphia, the 25th Brumaire, the 5th year of the French Republic, one and indiviſible (the 15th November, 1796, O. S.)

Errors in Phocion No. 23—fourth line, for ON read IN; fifth line, for PARTIZANS read PASSIONS.

BY THIS DAY's MAILS.

RUTLAND, (Vermont) November 7.

On Friday laſt, the following gentlemen were choſen Electors for the choice of a Preſident for the United States.

Elijah Dewey, Eliſha Sheldon, John Bridgman, and Oliver Gallup, Eſqrs.

BALTIMORE, November 14.

Laſt day's election of Electors of Preſident and Vice-Preſident of the United States. The following is a ſtatement of the polls when cloſed on Saturday evening laſt.—

Baltimore-Town.

Whole number for Mr. Duvall	530
Ditto Mr. Carroll	236
Majority in favour of Mr. Duvall	295

Baltimore-County.

Whole number for Mr. Howard	504
Ditto Mr. Archer	227
Majority in favour of Mr. Howard	277

Dr. Archer, we are informed by a gentleman who left Havre de-Grace yeſterday morning, has a majority of about 200 votes, as elector for the diſtrict of Baltimore and Hartford.

We are informed, that Virginia will give Mr. Adams four or five Electors.

In the diſtrict including Richmond, Mr. N. Wilkinſon is choſen one of the Electors of Preſident and Vice-Preſident. He is in favour of Mr. Jefferſon.

NEW-YORK, November 15.

MASSACHUSETTS.

We have returns from a number of towns in Hampſhire county, by which it appears, that gen. Shepard or Samuel Henſhaw, (both federal) will be elected repreſentative in congreſs; and that W. Lyman, the preſent member, will have but few votes. In many towns, his name is not among the candidates. In the ſame diſtrict, Ebenezer Hunt (federal) appears to have moſt of the votes for elector.

We have aſſerted, that for a government to order its citizens to wear a cockade, *without law*, is as tyrannical, as to require its citizens to ſubſcribe a teſt act, or take an oath, *without law*. Mr. Bache with his democratic logic, *abuſe*, ridicules the poſition.

Pray, citizen, is it not as completely *theft* to ſteal a *ſhilling*, as to ſteal a *dollar*? The effects on the *loſer* are *different*; but the *principle* in the *thief*, the *ſame*. So it is as *perfect deſpotiſm* to wear a cockade, without law, as it is to guillotine him, without law. But, in regard to the teſt law of Great Britain, and the order of the Directory of France to ſay *citizen* and wear a *cockade*, there is an eſſential difference—The teſt, in Great Britain, is a *law*, enacted by Parliament: the order of the Directory is an act of the Executive, *without law*, and therefore, *moſt tyrannical* of the two. Indeed, ſuch a ſtretch of power in Great-Britain, could not be exerciſed, without riſking the head of the king. The Engliſh would not bear ſuch an act of deſpotiſm in the Executive.

We are informed that the motion of Mr. Watſon, in the ſenate of this ſtate, for entering the Preſident's ſpeech on the journals of that houſe, paſſed *unanimouſly*.

GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES MARINE LIST.

PHILADELPHIA, November 17.

ARRIVED.

Ship John, Whitwell,	Guadaloupe	38
Brig Diſpatch, Brum,	Malaga	59
Sally, Keith,	Norfolk	10

BALTIMORE, November 14.

Arrived on Saturday, ſhip Halcyon, Capt. Taylor, from Providence, (R. I.) 11 days.—Spoke nothing.

Yeſterday arrived brig Harriet, captain Atkinſon, 18 days from Cape-Francois. Left there, captains Hudſon, Wilſon, Iſaacs, Jones, Biays, and ſloop Hannah, captain Eaſton, all of Baltimore, and captain Peck, from New-York. Captain Hyer in a pilot boat ſchooner from New-York was run aſhore by the pilot, on the reef, when entering the harbor. The Hulda, of Baltimore, ſailed in company with captain Atkinſon. Captain Barney had got his frigates repaired, but had not ſailed for France, as mentioned ſome time ſince, as he was under the neceſſity of remaining at the cape to keep the place tranquil. Captain Atkinſon mentions that the conduct of the brigands had become very alarming—they had burnt all the plantations and murdered all the inhabitants without reſpect to age or ſex, in the vicinity of Port-de-Paix—and at the Cape they were under apprehenſions of ſimilar ravages.

Flour from 12 to 14 dollars per barrel; ſugar 8 dollars per cwt. coffee 28 to 30 ſous.

NEW-YORK, November 16.

ARRIVED.

		Days
Brig Eliza, Cook,	Jamaica	48
Enterpriſe, Fitzpatrick,	Charleſton	10
Amazon,	Savannah	8
Schr. Jenny, Bull,	St. Thomas	
Sloop Randolph, Hughes,	Jeremie	

On Sunday laſt, arrived in this city, Capt. Luke Codwiſe, of the brig Glaſcow, belonging to this port; Capt. Codwiſe, with the ſix following maſters of veſſels:

B. Huggins,
G. Byrne,
J. Snell,
J. Boyd,
} of Philadelphia:
Z. Hunt, of Providence, R. I.
J. Mayhew, of Boſton,

Abandoned their veſſels in conſequence of the cruel treatment they received from the French, and made their eſcape from Leogane on the night of the 28th September laſt, on board the ſhip Union, Samuel Davis, maſter, in which they arrived at Rhode-Iſland.

Capt. Boyd died ſoon after they left Leogane.

Capt. Davis had his cargo taken from him, and regained his veſſel by giving ſecurity to return her, if ſhe ſhould be condemned. They gave him eighty dollars to lay in proviſions, &c. but took it from him afterwards for port charges; and alſo obliged him to make good a bad debt they had contracted in the ſale of his cargo.

Captain Davis is entitled to great applauſe, for carrying off from a tedious and irkſome confinement ſo many of his countrymen, at the utmoſt danger of his life, as the French ſuſpecting he would attempt it, threatened to hang him. Capt. Davis effected his laudable purpoſe in the night.

Capt. Codwiſe has handed us his proteſt, which we will publiſh to-morrow. It is a narrative of inſult, injuſtice and wanton barbarity.

Capt. King of this port, who was carried into Leogane, made a proteſt before a French Notary, who, as ſoon as he received payment for it, took it away again.

Patent Shot.

THE general conſumption of Patent Shot having been prevented by the high price it has hitherto been ſold at, the Proprietors take this method of informing the Public that they may in future be ſupplied with that article at the ſame prices as common Shot, by ordering their Correſponpents to apply to WALKERS, MALTBY & Co. London. NOV 9 wfm4w

This Day will be Landed,

From on board the brig Diſpatch, Captain P. Brum, from Malaga, at Morris's wharf, juſt above the Drawbridge,

FRESH FRUITS, viz.

Raiſins, in kegs, boxes and baſkets
Figs in kegs
Prunes in boxes
Grapes in jars
Olives in ditto
Lemons in cheſts
Anchovies in kegs
Almonds, ſoft ſhelled, in ſacks

Alſo,

Brandy in butts
Sweet Mountain Wine in quarter-caſks—&c.

For Sale by
Peter Kuhn.

November 17. 6t

Sales of Malaga Wine and Branay.

On SATURDAY MORNING, the 19th inſt. at 10 o'clock, will be ſold at Morris's wharf, juſt above the Drawbridge, by Public Auction,

100 Qr. caſks old Mountain Wine, and 15 butts of Brandy,

For approved indorſed notes at 60 days.

WM. SHANNON, Auctioneer.

Nov. 17. 2

WANTED,

As Cook, in a private family,

A YOUNG WOMAN who can produce good recommendations of an unexceptionable character. Enquire of the Printer.

November 17. 6tf

Waſhington Lottery.

The 38th and 39th days' drawing of the Waſhington Lottery, No. 2, are received at the office No. 234, Market-ſtreet, where tickets may be examined.

N. B. Information given where tickets in all the other lotteries may be procured.

November 17, 1796. d

Waſhington Lottery.

TICKETS, warranted undrawn, may be purchaſed or exchanged for prizes, at the Office, No. 147, Cheſnut-ſtreet, where a correct Numerical Book is kept for public inſpection. Alſo Canal Lottery Tickets for ſale or exchanged for prizes drawn in the Waſhington Lottery, of which the 38th and 39th days returns are received.

☞ The Buſineſs of a Broker carried on as uſual.

*** A SHARE in the NEW THEATRE to be ſold on reaſonable terms.

November 17. ttstf

For Sale by Public Auction,

On Saturday Evening next, the 19th inſt. at 7 o'clock, if not previouſly diſpoſed of at private ſale,

The Brigantine Fame,

Laying at Mr. Samuel Bower's wharf, and now ready for ſea; a ſtrong and well built veſſel, and calculated either for the European or Weſt-India trade, as ſhe will carry nearly 2000 barrels—She has been juſt hove down, and may be ſent to ſea at a ſmall expence. For further particulars, apply to Capt. Knox on board, to Samuel Smith, Ship Broker, or

JOHN CONNELLY, Auctioneer.

November 17. 3td

No. 154.

Diſtrict of Pennſylvania, to wit:

BE it remembered that on the 26th day of September, in the twenty-firſt year of the Independence of the United States of America, Abraham Bradley, junior of the ſaid Diſtrict, hath depoſited in this office, the title of a Map, the right whereof, he claims as author in the words following to wit,

"Map of the United States exhibiting the ſituations, "connections & diſtances of the Poſt-Offices, Stage-roads, "Counties, Ports of Entry and Delivery for Foreign veſ"ſels, and the principal rivers;

"By ABRAHAM BRADLEY, jun."

In conformity to the Act of the Congreſs of the United States intituled "An act for the encouragement of learning by ſecuring the copies of maps, charts, and books to the authors and proprietors of ſuch copies during the times therein mentioned."

Samuel Caldwell, Clerk,
Diſtrict of Pennſylvania.

The above map may be had of the author at the General Poſt-Office, next door to the War-Office in Fifth-Street, and at his houſe, No. 78. corner of Crown Street and Brewers Alley between 4th and 5th, and Vine and Callowhill Sreets. Prices from 3½ to 5 dollars each according to the manner in which they are finiſhed. The progreſs (or arrivals and departures) of the Mail on the Main Line may be had ſeparate for 37½ cents.

Oct. 3. taw6w.

No. 153.

Diſtrict of Pennſylvania, to wit.

BE it remembered, that on the twenty-fourth day of September, in the twenty-firſt year of the independence of the United States of America, William Cobbett of the ſaid diſtrict hath depoſited in this office the Title of a Book, the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following, to wit.

"The Political Cenſor, or Review of the moſt intereſting political occurrences relative to the United States "of America—By Peter Porcupine"—In conformity to the Act of the Congreſs of the United States intituled "An Act for the encouragement of learning by ſecuring the Copies of Maps, Charts and Books to the authors and proprietors of ſuch Copies, during the times therein mentioned." SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk

Diſtrict P[illegible]

To be ſold,

A PLANTATION, in the town of Woodbury, county of Gloceſter, and ſtate of New-Jerſey, containing about one hundred and fifty acres; a ſuitable proportion of which is woodland and improved meadow. A great part of the arable land is in a high ſtate of cultivation, and very natural to the production of Red Clover. On ſaid plantation there is a genteel two-ſtory brick houſe, with four rooms on a floor, and a good dry cellar under the whole; together with a barn, corn-cribs and carriage-houſe. The garden is large, and contains a good collection of the beſt kinds of grafted and inoculated fruit trees; the orchard conſiſts of about three hundred grafted apple-trees. Any perſon inclined to purchaſe ſaid premiſes, may be informed of the terms by applying to

ANDREW HUNTER.

July 29 F

Juſt Imported,

In the ſchooner Lucy, Capt. Prows, from Madeira, and to be ſold by

ELLISTON & JOHN PEROT,

Beſt London particular Madeira Wine,

Three years old,

In pipes, hogſheads, and quarter caſks, fit for immediate uſe.—They have alſo for ſale,

A few bags of Juniper Berries.

October 28. w&s4w

10 hogsheads St. Croix Rum,
5 Pipes Vinegar,
For Sale, by
Ezekiel Hall,
No. 20, Penn Street.
Nov. 7.

William Gardner, No. 62,
SOUTH FRONT-STREET,
Has received by the late arrivals from Liverpool and Glasgow,
An assortment of DRY GOODS,
Which he will dispose of upon low terms, for cash or the usual credit, by the piece or package—
Consisting of
CAMBRICKS, Printed Calicoes and Chintzes
Printed Handkerchiefs and Shawls
Jaconet and Book Muslins, well assorted
Do. do. tamboured do.
Do. do. Handk's and Shawls do.
White and coloured threads
Diaper and diaper table cloths
Cotton check and check handkerchiefs
Striped and coloured nankeens
Dimities and quiltings
Tapes and garters.
Cotton counterpanes
Mens and womens gloves
Plats and stockings
Osnaburgs, bed-ticks and brown Holland
Stationary, &c. &c. &c.
November 3. mts

STOP THE THIEVES!!!

LAST Wednesday Evening, October 19, between the hours of 7 and 10 o'clock, the bed room of Mr Ricketts in O'Eller's hotel was entered, either by means of false keys, or at the window, by some villain or villains, who must have been acquainted with the situation of the house (as the door was found locked after they had committed the theft) who took away from amongst several trunks, ONE which contained a valuable part of Mr. Rickett's property, but of which he is not yet able to ascertain the contents particularly. After bringing the said trunk away, and emptying it of upwards of a thousand dollars in cash and bank notes, the villains left it behind the circus, during the time that the performances of the evening were going forward.

It is earnestly requested, that all tavern-keepers on the stage roads, and the ferry houses, as well as all civil officers, may be watchful in securing suspicious persons, who may have a redundance of cash, which their appearance would by no means bespeak them to be possessed of.

One Hundred Dollars Reward

Will be given for securing the thief or thieves, and a further reward for securing them with the property.
Oct 12. d

Twenty Guineas Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 23d October, a Dark MULATTO BOY, named MOSES; 21 years old; about 5 feet 8 inches high; had on a mixed green coat, with a green velvet cape and oval yellow buttons; a striped vest; a pair of dark spotted pantaloons, and whole boots much worn. It is probable he may change his name and dress. He has been accustomed to driving a carriage, and waiting. The above reward will be paid for securing him so that the subscriber may get him again, and if brought home all reasonable charges paid by

Robins Chamberlaine.

Easton, Maryland, Nov. 10. 14 §1m2awtf

James Musgrave,
GOLDSMITH & JEWELLER,
No. 42, south Second-street,

HAS just received an assortment of Plated Ware and Jewellery, Plated Tea and Coffee Urns, Coffee Pots, Tea ditto, Castors from 5 to 8 bottles, Sugar and Cream Basons, Bottle Stands, Baskets, high Candlesticks, Brackets and Chamber ditto, Branches Sconces, a variety of Silver and Plated Shoe Larchets, Spurs, &c. &c. warranted of the best plate; Ladies and Gentlemens Gold Watch Chains, Seals and Keys; Necklaces, Neck Chains, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Lockets, Breast Pins, Stone Knee-Buckles, with many other articles in the above branches.

He has likewise received an extensive assortment of japann'd tea and coffee Urns, persian, blue, brown, black and gold.

All kinds of work in the gold and silver line; miniatures set, and hair work executed as usual.
November 9. tu th & s

A few Pipes of WINE,

Imported in the brig FAME, from Madeira, to be sold by MORDECAI LEWIS,
Who has also to dispose of on reasonable terms,
IRISH LINENS, well assorted
BANDANNA HANDKERCHIEFS
WIDE NANKEENS
COSSAS AND BAFTAS
RAVENS DUCK
DIAPERS
QUICK SILVER
CHINA
ROLL BRIMSTONE, &c.
Ober 27. tawim

Lottery and Broker's Office,
No. 64, South SECOND STREET.

TICKETS in the Canal Lottery, No. 2, for sale—a Check Book for examination—and prizes paid in the late lottery.

Check Books kept for examination and registering, for the City of Washington, No. 2, and Patteson Lotteries, both of which are now drawing—information where tickets are to be had, and prizes exchanged for undrawn tickets. A complete list of all the prizes in the late New-Port Long-Wharf, Hotel and Public School Lottery, for examination.

The subscriber solicits the application of the public and his friends, who wish to purchase or sell Bank Stock, Certificates, Bills of Exchange or Notes, Houses, Lands, &c. or to obtain money on deposit of property.

*** Also Tickets in the Schuylkill Bridge Lottery for sale at Ten Dollars each, which will be drawn early in the Spring.

Wm. Blackburn.

Philadelphia, *August* 18, 1796. mth

Philadelphia, November 6, 1796.

ALL persons desirous to contract for furnishing of Rations and Quarter-Masters' stores, for the troops in Philadelphia or Fort-Mifflin, on Mud Island, during the year 1797—are requested to send their proposals sealed, on or before the first day of December next, to

TENCH FRANCIS, Purveyor.

The component parts of the Rations, are
1 pound of Flour or Bread
1 pound of Beef or 3-4 of a pound of Pork
1-2 a gill of Rum, Brandy or Whiskey
2 quart of Salt
2 quarts of Vinegar
2 pounds of Soap
1 pound of Candles
} For 100 Rations
Nov. 9

SWANN'S,
Riding School, Horse Academy & Infirmary.
Adjoining the Public Square, Market Street.
T. SWANN

RETURNS his sincere thanks to those gentlemen by whom he has been employed, during his residence in this City, and flatters himself that the success of his efforts, in the numerous, obstinate and dangerous diseases in Horses, in which he has been consulted, together with his moderate charges, will secure their future favors and recommendation.

He now begs leave to inform them and the public at large that his spacious and commodious premises, erected for the purposes above described are open for the reception of pupils of either sex, who wish to be instructed in the Art of Riding, and the right method of governing their horses, so as to ride them with ease, elegance, and safety—their horses will be carefully and expeditiously broke, for every purpose, and made obedient to the will of the riders; the natural powers which are shut up in them, will be unfolded by art, calling forth uniformity of motion, and giving to that noble animal all those beauties of action which providence has so bountifully bestowed on them.

Also, at his hospital, every disorder to which the horse is liable will be treated according to the rules of art, confirmed by long and repeated experience.

The utility of the above institution has never been questioned, that it has long been wanted in this city, every gentleman's stud will manifest, and T. SWANN as the first establisher of the veterenary art, solicits and relies upon the support of that public (which he is ever anxious in serving) to enable him to bring it to perfection. The idea of a subscription for that purpose has been hinted by several gentleman, who wish to promote the institution—the amount of each subscription to be returned by services in any of the departments he professes, agreeable to the rate of charges stated in his hand bill. Such subscription is now open, and the signatures of many respectable gentlemen already obtained. He therefore informs his friends and such Ladies and gentlemen to whom he has not the honor of being known, that he shall in a few days take the liberty of waiting upon them and soliciting their support and protection.

N. B. Horses are properly prepared for those Ladies and Gentlemen who wish to be instructed.
Nov. 5. tth&s.

TO BE SOLD,
A LEASE for seven years, from the 25th March next, in that capital and beautiful FARM, called
PROSPECT-HILL,

Situated within one quarter of a mile from the Brandywine Mills, and half a mile from the borough of Wilmington.

THE dwelling house is built of stone, two stories high, genteely finished, and contains four handsome rooms on a floor, besides an entry, with capital garrets, and convenient cellars. It is generally thought to command the most agreeable prospect of the Delaware, from the source of that river to the Capes. This prospect is greatly embellished by a full view of a vast body of meadow, through which the Christiana and Brandywine creeks are seen winding in beautiful meanders. Near the house are a Kitchen, a spacious stone stable and hay loft, a barn, a carriage house, milk-house, &c. and a well of as pure water as any on the continent. The garden contains an acre and quarter of land, abounding with fruit, and particularly with peach trees, of the very best kind, brought from Maryland, and in full bearing. There is, moreover, on the place, a young, apple orchard begining to bear, and several old trees that produce abundantly, besides cherry and other ornamental trees, in great numbers. The farm consists of near sixty acres of land, of good quality, and clear of incumbrances, except taxes, twenty of which are now in excellent clover and timothy, and ten more will be ready for sowing next spring. A residence of nearly 8 years has convinced the subscriber that the situation is remarkably healthy. The great post road from Philadelphia to the Southward runs within seventy yards of the house. In a word, the beauties and convenience of this situation cannot be enumerated in an advertisement, and when examined, will probably command the attention of any person who is desirous of living at one of the most elegant country seats on the continent. The pure haser may enter on the premises next spring, or perhaps, this fall, if application be immediately made to Doctor NICHOLAS WAY, in Philadelphia, to Doctor WHARTON, on the premises, or, in his ablence, to Mr. GEORGE TRUITT, in Wilmington.

A quantity of excellent Hay, Grain in the ground, some Stock, &c. may be had by the purchaser at the time of sale.
Nov. 7. eodtf

New HAT and HOSIERY STORE,
WHOLESALE, and RETAIL,
By WILLIAM M'DOUGALL,
No. 134, Market Street, 3d door from the corner of Fourth, South Side.

Mens' Black American and English Hats, of various qualities and prices.
Ditto Drabs and Green-unders.
Ladies' ditto black
And a large assortment of fancy ditto
Coloured Beavers
With a great variety of elegant and fashionable trimmings' &c.
Youth's black and drab coloured ditto.
Children's fancy ditto
All kinds of silk, silk and cotton, cotton and thread hose
Knit coloured Pantaloons
Ditto Drawers
Ditto Breeches Patterns
Silk Gloves
Knotted, coloured ditto, cotton.
A quantity of mending cotton, sorted colours.
N. B. The hats finished in the newest fashion.
Oct. 17. eodim.

SAMUEL RICHARDET

RESPECTFULLY informs the Gentlemen Merchants, that he has this day opened the CITY TAVERN and MERCHANTS COFFEE HOUSE in the city of Philadelphia:

The Subscription Room will be furnished with all the daily papers published in Philadelphia, New-York, Boston, Baltimore, together with those of the principal commercial cities of Europe—They will be regularly filed and none permitted to be taken away on any account.

Tea, Coffee, Soupes, Jellies, Ice Creams, and a variety of French Liquors; together with the usual refreshments, will at all times be procured at the bar.

Gentlemen may depend on being accommodated with the choicest of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, and the most approved Malt Liquors from London and other breweries.

The Larder will be supplied with the prime and earliest productions of the Season.

Large and small Parties, or single Gentlemen, may be accommodated with Breakfasts, Dinners, or Suppers, at hours most convenient to themselves—a cold Collation is regularly kept for conveniency, the Bill of Fare to be had at the bar.

The Lodging Rooms will be completely furnished, and the utmost attention paid to cleanliness, and every other requisite.

☞ SAMUEL RICHARDET will be happy to receive, and execute the commands of his Friends, and the Public at large; and with gratitude for their favours, he pledges himself that nothing on his part shall be wanting to preserve that patronage with which he has been so distinguishingly honored.

Philadelphia, April 19. mwf

Any PERSON
Who is well acquainted with the River
MISSISIPPI,

And will give Directions for sailing into the same, that can be depended on, shall be generously rewarded for his information, provided he will leave the directions with Mr. John Fenno, printer, Philadelphia, or Edmund M. Blunt, Newburyport.
November 3. 1awam

DANCING SCHOOL.

WILLIAM M'DOUGALL will open his school on Monday the 31st inst. at ten o'clock in the morning, at his
Elegant New Ball Rooms,
In Fourth, between Chesnut and Walnut Streets.

Hours of tuition for young ladies, from 10 to 1 o'clock on Mondays, Wednesday, and Friday mornings; and for young gentlemen from 6 to 9 o'clock on the evenings o the same days.

In addition to a number of new cotillions, he means to introduce a variety of Scotch Reels.

Note. The first practising ball to be on Tuesday evening, the first of November, and to be continued every Tuesday, during the season.

For terms, &c, enquire at his house, No. 134, Market-street.
Oct. 17. tthf

To be Sold,

The Time of a smart, active Negro Lad,
Who has Eleven years to serve.
Enquire at No. 58, South Front street.
October 18. §

Brokers Office, and
COMMISSION STORE.

No. 63 South Third street, opposite the national new Bank.

SAMUEL M FRAUNCES and JOHN VAN REED, have entered into co-partnership, under the firm of FRAUNCES & VAN REED, in the business of Brokers, Conveyancers and Commission merchants. They buy and sell on commission every species of stock, notes of hand, bills of exchange, houses and lands, &c.

MONEY procured on depositis, &c. &c. all kinds of writings in the conveyancing line, done with neatness and dispatch; accounts adjusted, and books settled, in the most correct manner. Constant attendance will be given. They solicit a share of the public favor; they are determined to endeavour to deserve it.

N. B. The utmost secrecy observed.

SAMUEL M. FRAUNCES,
JOHN VAN REED.
Philad. August 27, 1796. m&wtf

SHERIDAN'S DICTIONARY,
THE SIXTH EDITION,
Is this Day Published,
BY W. YOUNG, MILLS & SON,
Corner of Second and Chesnut streets,
In one large 8vo. volume, price 3 dollars.

A COMPLETE DICTIONARY of the ENGLISH LANGUAGE, both with regard to sound and meaning, one main object of which is to establish a plain and permanent Standard of Pronunciation. To which is prefixed, a Prosodial Grammar.

BY THOMAS SHERIDAN, A. M.
October 22.

RANAWAY,

About the 1st of October last, from the plantation of Mr. Thomas F. Brooke, (in Prince George's county) to whom he was hired, a NEGRO MAN, named CÆSAR; 33 years of age; about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; well made; of a yellowish complexion; a little pockmarked: has, when spoken to, rather a down look, and submissive tone of voice: the clothes he had before he absconded were of plain, such as labouring Negroes usually wear, but these he may probably exchange for others: he will doubtless endeavour to pass for a freeman, having, as I have been informed, assumed the name of Butler: I have reason to believe that he went to Baltimore, from whence he is said to have gone to some part of the Susquehannah, probably with a view of getting to Pennsylvania. A reward of Thirty Dollars will be given to the person who may take him and so secure him in some jail that I may get him again, if taken in this state, and Fifty dollars if taken out of the state, and if brought home or secured in the jail of Prince George's county all reasonable charges will be paid by ALEXR. COVINGTON.
Maryland, Prince George's County, 2nd November, 1796. } 11th*t&f4w

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Davis's Law Book Store,
No. 313, HIGH-STREET,

GEORGE DAVIS announces to his professional friends, and the Gentlemen of the Law generally thro' the Union, that his late importation of BOOKS is now arranged, and ready for Sale, from a single volume to an entire library, without any advance upon his former exceeding low prices, which for several years past have in so distinguished a manner recommended them to notice.

Printed Catalogues combining the most extensive collection of the latest English and Irish Editions ever imported into this country, are published, and will be delivered gratis on application.

Orders addressed to G. D. in writing from any distance shall be punctually attended to.

A number of TRUNKS for Sale.

ALSO, TO BE LET,
A convenient LOFT, near Market Street Wharf.
Nov. 8. tu&f3m

Treasury Department,
September 28, 1796.

NOTICE is hereby given, that proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Treasury until the expiration of the first day of March next ensuing, for the supply of all rations which may he required for the use of the United States, from the first day of June, 1797, to the thirty-first day of May, 1798, both days inclusive, at the places and within the districts hereafter mentioned, viz. At Oswego; at Niagara; at Presque Isle; at Sandusky Lake, and on Sandusky River; at Detroit; at Michilimackinac; at Fort-Franklin; at Pittsburgh; at Cincinnati; at Fort-Hamilton; at Fort St. Clair; at Fort-Jefferson; at Grenville; at Picque Town and Loramies Store; at Fort Adams; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort Defiance on the Miami River to Lake Erie; at Fort Steuben; at Fort Massac; at any place from Fort Massac to the south boundary of the United States on the river Mississippi; at Fort Knox; at Ouiatanon.

If supplies shall be required for any posts or places not mentioned in this notice, all such supplies shall be furnished at prices proportioned to those to be paid at the posts before recited, or as may be hereafter agreed on between the United States and the Contractor.

The rations to be supplied are to consist of the following articles, viz.

One pound two ounces of bread or flour.

One pound two ounces of beef, or fourteen ounces of pork or bacon.

Half a gill of rum, brandy or whiskey.

One quart and half a pint of salt.
Two quarts of Vinegar,
Two pounds of Soap,
One pound of Candles,
} per hundred rations

The rations are to be furnished in such quantities, as that there shall at all times during the said term, be sufficient for the consumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, Detroit, Ningara, and Oswego, for the term of six months in advance, and at each of the other posts, for the term of at least three months in advance, in good and wholesome provisions, if the same shall be required. It is to be understood, that the Contractor is to be at the expence and risk of issuing the supplies to the troops at each post, and that all losses sustained by the depredations of an enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, shall be paid for at the price of the articles captured or destroyed, on the depositions of two or more persons of creditable characters, and the certificate of a commissioned officer, ascertaining the circumstances of the loss, and the amount of the articles for which compensation shall be claimed

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

WM. HOLDERNESSE, No. 76,
HIGH-STREET,
Has received by the late arrivals,
A Well Selected ASSORTMENT of
Silk Mercery, Linen Drapery, and Haberdashery Goods,

Which he will sell, wholesale and retail, on the very lowest terms;
Amongst which are
Some elegant 4-4 and 7-8 Chintzes and Cottons, new patterns
Ditto Furniture ditto
Ditto Dimity
Tamboured, Book, and Jaconet Muslins
Ditto in Gold and Silver
Ditto Neckcloths, very fine
Mantuas of the first quality
Silk and Cotton Hosiery
Umbrellas of the first quality, assorted
Irish Linens, very fine, and Table Linens
Marseilles and Cotton Counterpanes
Rose Blankets assorted—&c. &c.
October 26. d

Lost Last Evening,

At Ricketts's Amphitheatre, (supposed to be taken by some villain out of a gentleman's pocket)

A red Morocco-Leather POCKET-BOOK,

Containing about 185 dollars in bank notes; three notes of hand of Ross and Simson, No. 304, 305 and 306, dated 12th last August, payable 60 days after date, to the order of Paul Siemen, together for 5150 dollars; an order of Mrs. Ann Macpherson, from Paul Siemen, on Lachlin Mac Neal, Esq. at Port-au-Prince, for 100 dollars; besides several letters and papers of no use but to the proprietor. The notes of hand and order are without endorsement. EIGHTY DOLLARS REWARD is offered to any person who will discover and secure the thief, and FORTY DOLLARS for only bringing the above mentioned notes and papers at No. 129, corner of Front and Mulberry streets. d Oct. 11.

SALT PETRE.

A large quantity of Double-Refined Salt Petre for sale at No. 25, South Third-street.
November 5.

Paterson Lottery.

FOR raising six thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars and fifty cents, by a deduction of fifteen per cent from the prizes, and not two blanks to a prize. viz

1.	Prize of 5000	dollars is dollars	5000
1	1000		1000
1	500		500
5	200		1000
20	100		2000
99	50		4950
200	25		5000
2000	10		20,000
5	Last drawn numbers of 1000 dollars each,		5000
2332	Prizes.		44,450
4018	Blanks.		
6350	Tickets at Seven Dollars each,		44,450

By order of the Directors of the Society for establishing Useful Manufactures, the superintendants of the Paterson Lottery have requested the Managers to offer the foregoing Scheme to the public, and have directed them to refund the money to those persons who have purchased in the former Lottery, or exchange the tickets for tickets n this Lottery.

The lottery has actually commenced drawing, and will continue until finished. A list of the Blanks and Prizes may be seen at the office of William Blackburn, No. 64 south Second street, who will give information where tickets may be procured.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1796.
J. N. CUMMING,
JACOB R. HARDENBERG,
JONATHAN RHEA,
} Managers.

STATE OF THE WHEEL.

1	Prize of 5000	- - -	5000
1	1000	- - -	1000
1	500	- - -	500
5	200	- - -	1000
20	100	- - - -	2000
90	50	- - - -	4500
165	25	- - - -	4125
The five last drawn tickets, 1000 each,			5000

Being all the valuable prizes, besides a full proportion of the 10 dollars.

As the Lottery is considerably more than one third drawn, the value of the undrawn tickets is greatly increased, and it is worth the notice of those who hold tickets in the old scheme, that they can exchange their tickets for those in the above, if they apply soon, and at a moderate advance considering the now real value of an undrawn ticket.

The tickets being nearly all sold, the drawing in future will be oftener, and the Lottery soon finished.
November 12. mws

Washington Canal Lottery,
No. I.

WHEREAS the State of Maryland has authorised the underwritten, to raise twenty-six thousand, two hundred, and fifty dollars, for the purpose of cutting a Canal through the City of Washington, from th Potomac to the Eastern Branch Harbour.

The following is the SCHEME of No. I.

Viz 1	Prize of	20,000 dollars,	20,000
1	ditto	10,000	10,000
7 last drawn Tickets, each		5,000	35,000
6	ditto	1,000	6,000
10	ditto	400	4,000
20	ditto	100	2,000
55	ditto	50	2,750
5750	ditto	12	69,008
	To be raised for the Canal,		26,250
5850	Prizes,		175,000
11650	Blanks, not two to a prize.		
17500	Tickets, at Ten Dollars, -		175,000

☞ The Commissioners have taken the Securities required by the aforesaid act for the punctual payment of the prizes.

The drawing of this Lottery will commence, without delay, as soon as the Tickets are sold, of which timely notice will be given.

Such prizes as are not demanded in six months after the drawing is finished, shall be considered as relinquished for the benefit of the Canal, and appropriated accordingly.

(Signed) NOTLEY YOUNG,
DANIEL CARROLL, *of* D.
LEWIS DEBLOIS,
GEORGE WALKER,
WM. M. DUNCANSON,
THOMAS LAW,
JAMES BARRY.

City of Washington, Feb. 11. §

PRINTED BY JOHN FENNO,
—No. 119—
CHESNUT-STREET.
[Price Eight Dollars per Annum.]